

# Appendix A

## Integral $\int_0^t e^{-\sigma t} \sin \omega t dt$

The differential of a product of two functions  $u$  and  $v$  is  $d(uv) = u dv + v du$ . When integrated it becomes  $uv = \int u dv + \int v du$ . By rearranging we get

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du \quad (\text{A.1})$$

Lets substitute as follows.

$$\begin{array}{l|l} u = e^{-\sigma t} & dv = \sin \omega t dt \\ du = -\sigma e^{-\sigma t} dt & v = -\frac{1}{\omega} \cos \omega t \end{array}$$

Then, (A.1) can be written as follows

$$\int_0^t e^{-\sigma t} \sin \omega t dt = -\frac{1}{\omega} e^{-\sigma t} \cos \omega t \Big|_0^t - \frac{\sigma}{\omega} \int_0^t e^{-\sigma t} \cos \omega t dt \quad (\text{A.2})$$

Here, we notice that the second term on the RHS can be evaluated according to the same procedure by substituting as follows.

$$\begin{array}{l|l} u = e^{-\sigma t} & dv = \cos \omega t dt \\ du = -\sigma e^{-\sigma t} dt & v = \frac{1}{\omega} \sin \omega t \end{array}$$

Therefore, we can write (A.2) with the second term on the RHS being integrated by parts as follows.

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^t e^{-\sigma t} \sin \omega t dt &= -\left[ \frac{1}{\omega} e^{-\sigma t} \cos \omega t - \frac{1}{\omega} \right] \\ &\quad - \frac{\sigma}{\omega} \left[ \frac{1}{\omega} e^{-\sigma t} \sin \omega t \Big|_0^t - \int_0^t \frac{-\sigma}{\omega} e^{-\sigma t} \sin \omega t dt \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{\omega} - \frac{1}{\omega} e^{-\sigma t} \cos \omega t - \frac{\sigma}{\omega^2} e^{-\sigma t} \sin \omega t - \frac{\sigma^2}{\omega^2} \int_0^t e^{-\sigma t} \sin \omega t dt \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(\omega^2 + \sigma^2) \int_0^t e^{-\sigma t} \sin \omega t dt &= \omega - \omega e^{-\sigma t} \cos \omega t - \sigma e^{-\sigma t} \sin \omega t \\ &= \frac{\omega}{\omega^2 + \sigma^2} \\ &\quad - \frac{e^{-\sigma t}}{\sqrt{\sigma^2 + \omega^2}} \left( \frac{\omega}{\sqrt{\sigma^2 + \omega^2}} \cos \omega t + \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{\sigma^2 + \omega^2}} \sin \omega t \right) \\ &= \frac{\omega}{\omega^2 + \sigma^2} - \frac{e^{-\sigma t}}{\sqrt{\sigma^2 + \omega^2}} \sin(\omega t + \phi)\end{aligned}\tag{A.3}$$

where  $\tan \phi = \frac{\omega}{\sigma}$